



KRU SOMSRI

Part 1 : Sentence Structures



1.

S + V

: Somsri **loves** teaching.

: Somsri **loves** and **enjoys** teaching.

หมายเหตุ

S + V หลัก ได้แก่

1. กริยาทั่วไป
2. is, am, are
was, were
3. has, have, had
4. Modals
can, could
will, would
shall, should
may, might
must
ought + to
has / have / had + to



2.

S

V

: The woman **who** is standing over there came to see you yesterday.



3.

S

V

: William, the patron of the orphanage, is very kind.



S	V
----------	----------

: The girl **helping** her mom every day feels very proud.

: The students **praised** by the teacher promised to keep up the good work.



Ving	S	+	V	
Ved	S	+	V	

: **Studying** very hard, Jim won the scholarship.

: **Trained** by the coach, Jack got the first place in the singing contest.



คำเชื่อม	,
คำเชื่อม	{,
	,

If , When , After etc.

: **After** apologizing for the mistakes, Kathy felt relieved.

: **After** blamed by the boss, Paul did a better job.



5.	S	+	Prepositional Phrase	+	V
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: The puppies **in the litter** were all brown.

***(preposition: in, on, at, out, with, between, beside, upon, within, during etc.)



KRU SOMSRI

Part 2 : Reading Passages

ศัพท์จากเนื้อเรื่อง Reading Passage 1

coffee enemas	(n) การล้างลำไส้ด้วยกาแฟ
addicted to them	(adj) ซึ่งเสพติด
colon cleansing with coffee	(n) การทำความสะอาดลำไส้ด้วยกาแฟ
cancer trend	(n) แนวโน้มของโรคมะเร็ง
toxin	(n) พิษ
detoxification and purification	(n) การล้างพิษและการทำให้สะอาด
advocacy of coffee enema	(n) การสนับสนุนการล้างลำไส้ด้วยกาแฟ
cleanse bowel of toxin	(v) ล้างพิษจากลำไส้
Gerson Therapy : Coffee enema	(n) การบำบัดแบบเกอร์ซัน : การล้างลำไส้ด้วยกาแฟ
stimulate the glutathione-S-transferase system by 700%	(v) กระตุ้นขบวนการขจัดสารพิษออกจากร่างกายประมาณ 700%
cleanse blood	(v) ทำความสะอาดเลือด
patient cannot consume one liter of coffee by drinking	(n) คนไข้ไม่สามารถบริโภคกาแฟ 1 ลิตรโดยการดื่ม
physician against colon cleanses	(n) หมอต่อด้านการทำความสะอาดลำไส้
deaths related to coffee enemas	(v) การตายเนื่องมาจากการล้างลำไส้ด้วยกาแฟ
infection and explosion : huge amount of caffeine	(adv) การติดเชื้อและการแตก, ระเบิด : คาเฟอีนจำนวนมากมหาศาล

20 written in 1990. A liter is 33 ounces, and now we have the famous coffee brand'30-ounce trenta.)

The FDA and many physicians and health boards have meanwhile spoken out against all types of colon cleanses. Any time you're filling your colon like that, there's a small chance it will pop like a balloon. Nature even reported a case of procto-colitis with ulcers related specifically coffee enemas. In 1980, the Journal of American Medical Association reported two fatalities in "Deaths Related to Coffee Enemas."

On the other hand, Trina from My Strange Addiction says, "I love the way coffee enemas make me feel."

30 Infections and explosions aside, that's a huge amount of caffeine. Depending how much is absorbed in the rectum compared to a similar amount via the stomach and small intestine when you drink coffee, Trina is consuming the oral equivalent of 33 cans of Red Bull every day. So yes, "euphoria."

Like we considered in "How Much Caffeine Before I End Up in the E.R.?" humans can potentially tolerate tons of caffeine – in electroconvulsive therapy, for patients with depression, up to 2,000 mg is sometimes given intravenously – but many of us go emergency room for much less.

The nice thing about ingesting coffee by the traditional route is that it can still be a calming ritual and a mutual interest with your partner, even when it doesn't involve buckets or hoses, or lying on the bathroom floor four times a day, or "transitioning from floor to toilet seat as quickly as possible."



4. What is mentioned in paragraph 7?

- Colon cleansing has long been known to human-beings.
- The study of toxins was popular 30 years ago.
- The Journal of American Medical Association advocated coffee enemas.
- All kind of colon cleanses are not advised by a lot of doctors and can lead to death.
- Our body can consume as much as 2000 mg of coffee a day.



5. What is the tone of paragraph 7 towards colon cleansing?

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. controversial
ซึ่งโต้แย้ง | b. confident
ซึ่งมั่นใจ | c. sensitive
ซึ่งอ่อนไหว | d. unreasonable
ซึ่งไม่เหตุผล | d. pessimistic
ซึ่งมองโลกแง่ลบ |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|



6. Which statement is **NOT** true according to the passage?

- Gerson therapy uses coffee enema as part of the treatment because it is believed that coffee enema can boost glutathione-S-transerase system.
- The means to treat patients with depression are passing electric currents to their brains or injecting coffee into veins of them.
- In 1982, doctors could identify which toxins were the causes of cancer.
- The FDA and a lot of doctors are against bowel cleanses.
- The writer of the story considers that drinking coffee is still nice.



7. How can the writer of the passage be best described?

- | | |
|--|--|
| a. Pessimistic and biased
มองโลกแง่ร้าย | b. Sensitive and touchy
อ่อนไหวง่าย |
| c. Humorous and irresponsible
ขบขัน | d. Sensible and well-read
มีเหตุผล |
| e. Self-centered and reckless
เอาตัวเองเป็นหลัก | |



8. The writer of this passage is most likely a

- a. physician หมอ
- b. psychiatrist จิตแพทย์
- c. physicist นักฟิสิกส์
- d. nutritionist นักโภชนาการ
- e. sales representative ผู้แทนจำหน่าย



9. According to Dr.Maurice Shils and Mindy Hermann, why do people advocate coffee and other enemas?

- a. They believe that coffee enemas stimulate the glutathione-S-transferase system. เชื่อว่า กระตุ้น
- b. They realize that coffee enemas make them feel happy. ตระหนัก
- c. They know that our body can absorb a large amount of coffee every day. ดูดซับ
- d. As we don't know which toxins cause cancer, they take it for granted that coffee and other enemas can cleanse the toxins in the bowel. ทึกทัก
- e. They assume that coffee enemas can cure patients with depression. อนุมาน



10. What is the tone of the last paragraph?

- a. Amused but expectant ขบขัน คาดหวัง
- b. Fearless and optimistic กล้าหา- มองโลกในแง่ดี
- c. Sarcastic and subjective เสียดสี ที่เป็นความเห็นส่วนตัว
- d. Dreamy but focused ช่างฝัน ชัดเจน
- e. Academic and factual วิชาการ เป็นเรื่องจริง



11. What is the best title of this passage? หัวข้อเรื่อง

- a. Coffee Enemas, the Famous Therapy
- b. Controversy over Coffee Enemas
- c. Coffee Enemas, leading to Strange Addiction
- d. Enemas, the Flighter of Cancer
- e. The Disgusting Coffee Enemas

Passage 2

Researchers use Twitter to Predict (And Analyse) Relationship

นักวิจัย

ทำนาย

วิเคราะห์

breakups [study]

การหย่าร้าง, การแยกทาง

A team of researchers who used Twitter to study the breakups of hundreds of couples found that their tweeting behavior changed significantly

พฤติกรรม

เปลี่ยนแปลง

อย่างมาก

5 before and after the split.

การแยกทาง

The survey was conducted by researchers from Finland, Qatar, and Michigan, who looked at the tweets of 661 couples who they identified to be in a romantic relationship based on their social media activity.

การสำรวจ

ทำ

ระบุ

The study documented three key psychological processes that take place during a breakup, all observed on Twitter:

การศึกษาวินิจฉัย

บันทึก

กิจกรรมในสังคมออนไลน์

กระบวนการทางจิตวิทยา

10 take place during a breakup, all observed on Twitter:

เกิดขึ้น

ถูกสังเกต

1. Pre-relationship closeness being indicative of post-relationship closeness

ความใกล้ชิดระหว่างความสัมพันธ์

ซึ่งบ่งบอก

2. "Stonewalling" – ignoring messages by a partner, which would be indicative of a pending breakup, and

การสร้างกำแพง

เพิกเฉย, ละเลย, ไม่สนใจ

ในระหว่าง(เวลา)

15 3. Post-breakup depression, with an overall increase in the use of "depressed" terms

ความหดหู่, ความโศกเศร้า

ทั้งหมด

เศร้าสลด

คำศัพท์

The team detected a general shift in tone following a breakup, which shifted from "I love you so" to "I hate when you".

ค้นหา

ทั่วไป, ปกติ

การเปลี่ยนแปลง

น้ำเสียง

20 Additionally, once a couple had split, the researchers noted a marked decrease in followers, finding that each person unfollowed and was unfollowed by around 15-20 people.

ยิ่งไปกว่านั้น

สังเกต

marked decrease in followers, finding that each person unfollowed and was unfollowed by around 15-20 people.

ที่เห็นได้ชัด

การลดลง

ผู้ติดตาม, สวกร

เลิกติดตาม

“Though our data set is undoubtedly not representative of all relationship
breakups we believe our study still shows the huge potential that public
social media offers with respect to studying sociological and psychological
25 processes in a scalable and non-obtrusive manner,” the report concluded.



1. What is the purpose of the study?
- a. To survey the romantic relationship the couples used through social media.
 - b. To use twitter to predict and analyse relationship breakups.
 - c. To observe the development of romantic relationship through twitter.
 - d. To show how the relationship breakups.
 - e. To suggest how to maintain romantic relationship through social media.



2. How does the writer described the tweeting behaviour of the breakup couple?
- a. Stable
 - b. Slightly change
 - c. More steadfast
 - d. Greatly change
 - e. Moderately change



3. Which indicates that the breaking up are going to happen?
- a. Romantic pre-relationship
 - b. Repeating messages to blame each other
 - c. No response to the message from a partner
 - d. More use of sad lyrics
 - e. Depressing ringtone



4. What is **NOT** the approximate number of unfollowed after the breakup?
- a. 13
 - b. 15
 - c. 17
 - d. 18
 - e. 20



5. How does the writer feel about the study?

a. Excited

b. Interested

c. Disgusted

d. Pessimistic

e. Accomplished

ซึ่งมองโลกในแง่ร้าย

บรรลุผล



6. Which is **NOT** true about the study?

a. The study was conducted through survey by researchers from Finland, Qatar and the USA.

b. After the breaking up, more messages about depression are being posted.

c. The breakup processes are observed on Twitter.

d. After the breakup, the number of unfollowers have increased sharply.

e. Three psychological processes that occur during a breakup will be recorded during the study.



Note::>

Handwriting practice area with horizontal dotted lines.



Large writing area with horizontal dotted lines for text entry.



KRU SOMSRI

Part 3 : Cloze Test

Directions : Read the following passage carefully. Then choose the best answer to fill in each blank.

Passage 1

Do you know this word? Nomophobia is a term1..... a growing
 โรคกลัวขาดมือถือ คำ
 fear in today's world — the fear of being without a mobile device, or beyond
 ความกลัว เครื่องมือ
 mobile phone contact. Among today's high school and college students, it's on
 โทรศัพท์มือถือ การติดต่อสื่อสาร
 the rise.2..... college students are now obsessed with their cell
 หนักงู้น
 phone. The average adolescent would rather lose a pinky-finger than a cell
 ปกติ อวัยวะ
 phone, a growing percentage text or tweet instead of actually3..... .
 ซึ่งเพิ่มขึ้น ข้อความสั้น ทวิตเตอร์ อย่างแท้จริง
 Nomophobia is4..... in industrialized nations. The term is an
 ซึ่งเป็นอุตสาหกรรม
 abbreviation for “no-mobile-phone **phobia**,” which was thought up during a
 อักษรย่อ คิด, ประดิษฐ์
 2010 study by the UK Post Office. The Post Office commissioned YouGov, a
 มอบหมายให้
 research organization, to look at anxieties suffered by mobile phone users.
 สถาบันวิจัย ความกังวล ธรรมดา
 The study found that nearly 53 percent of mobile phone users in Britain
5..... when they “lose their mobile phone, run out of battery or credit,
 หมด, ขาดแคลน
 or have no network coverage.”
 เครือข่ายที่ครอบคลุม



- 1. a. described
- c. describing
- e. to describe

- b. having described
- d. describe
บรรยาย



- 2. a. An increased number of
- c. An increasing great deal of
- e. An increment of a number of
การเพิ่มขึ้น

- b. An increasing number of
- d. A number of increment



- 3. a. talking to each other
- c. talking to the others
- e. to talking to others

- b. to talk to others
- d. talking to others



- 4. a. everywhere
ทุกหนแห่ง
- c. nowhere
ไม่มีที่ไหน
- e. somewhere
บางแห่ง

- b. anywhere
ที่ใดก็ตาม
- d. elsewhere
ที่อื่น



- 5. a. tend to being anxious
ที่วิตกกังวล
- c. long for being anxious
ปรารถนา
- e. tend to be anxious
มีแนวโน้มที่จะ

- b. incline in anxiety
- d. look forward to being anxious


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Part 4 : Graph

Directions : Study the table and answer each of the questions.

Passage 1

Categories for Blood Pressure Levels in Adults (measured in millimeters of mercury, or mmHg)

Category	Systolic (top number)		Diastolic (bottom number)
Normal	Less than 120	And	Less than 80
Prehypertension	120-139	Or	80-89
High blood pressure			
Stage 1	140-159	Or	90-99
Stage 2	160 or higher	Or	100 or higher

The ranges in the table apply to most adults (aged 18 and older) who don't have short-term serious illnesses.

Blood pressure doesn't stay the same all the time. It lowers as you sleep and rises when you wake up. Blood pressure also rises when you're excited,

5 nervous, or active. If your numbers stay above normal most of the time, you're at risk for health problems. The risk grows as blood pressure numbers rise. "Prehypertension" means you may end up with HBP, unless you take steps to prevent it.

If you're being treated for HBP and have repeat readings in the normal range, your blood pressure is under control. However, you still have the condition. You should see your doctor and follow your treatment plan to keep your blood pressure under control.

Your systolic and diastolic numbers may not be in the same blood pressure category. In this case, the more severe category is the one you're in. For example, if your systolic number is 160 and your diastolic number is 80, you have stage 2 HBP. If your systolic number is 120 and your diastolic number is 95, you have stage 1 HBP.

If you have diabetes or chronic kidney disease, HBP is defined as 130/80 mmHg or higher. HBP numbers also differ for children and teens.



1. What does the above table show?

- a. Various kinds of blood pressure for adults and children
 ต่างๆ ชนิด
- b. Normal and dangerous blood pressure indicator for teens and adults.
 ปกติ
- c. Comparison of various kinds of blood pressure for adults and teens
- d. Diagnosis of blood pressure hazard for adults and teens
 การเปรียบเทียบ
- e. The causes of high blood pressure
 การวินิจฉัย



2. Which is **NOT** mentioned in the chart as the factors that make blood pressure rise?
 กล่าวถึง องค์ประกอบ

- a. restless b. agitated c. sluggish d. nervous e. upset
 กระสับกระส่าย กระวนกระวายใจ เฉื่อยชา ตื่นเต้น กระวนกระวายใจ



3. Which is **NOT** true according to the passage?

- a. Your blood pressure is higher when you get up.
- b. If your blood pressure are at prehypertension, finally you may have high blood pressure.
- c. Your blood pressure is 130/80 or higher if you have diabetes or chronic kidney disease.
- d. You don't have to see the doctor when your blood pressure is under control.
- e. If your blood pressure is 125/83, you are starting the risk of having high blood pressure.



4. Who is likely to have stage 2 HBP?

- a. Samran, whose systolic number is 175 and diastolic number is 83.
- b. Samruay, whose systolic number is 112 and diastolic number is 79.
- c. Sumreaung, whose systolic number is 115 and diastolic number is 80.
- d. Samrej, whose systolic number is 100 and diastolic number is 76.
- e. Samrit, whose systolic number is 118 and diastolic number is 75.



Handwriting practice area with horizontal dotted lines.



1. What is the main purpose of the establishment of ANGELS?

หลัก วัตถุประสงค์ การก่อตั้ง

- a. To promote listening skills to help people.
ส่งเสริม
- b. To support help by phone to reduce suicidal rate.
ส่งไปส่งมา
- c. To earn some money from donation used for depressed patients.
ได้รับ การบริจาค
- d. To give information about emotional distress.
ข้อมูล ความกังวลใจ
- e. To provide psychological care for those who need counselling.



2. The word ‘full-fledged’ line 12 can be best replaced by

- a. capable b. talent
ที่สามารถทำได้ ซึ่งมีความสามารถพิเศษ
- c. well-trained d. well-organized
ซึ่งได้รับการอบรมมาอย่างดี ซึ่งมีประสิทธิภาพ
- d. useful
ซึ่งมีประโยชน์



3. How can we describe ANGELS according to the passage?

- a. Sympathetic and depressed b. Challenging and aggressive
ซึ่งเห็นอกเห็นใจ ซึ่งหดหูใจ ที่ท้าทายความสามารถ ที่ก้าวร้าว
- c. Nice and easy d. Empathetic and helpful
สุภาพ ง่าย ซึ่งเห็นอกเห็นใจ เป็นประโยชน์
- e. Adaptable and versatile
ที่ปรับตัวได้ ซึ่งรอบรู้

2.

..... **but**

≠ ซัดแย้ง

: He's handsome **but** I don't like him.

3.

..... ? **than** ?

กว่า

: Goodness is more important **than** wealth.

4.

... S + V
ผล

because
since
for
as
seeing that
now that

เพราะว่า

: She becomes popular **because** she is helpful.

5.

Due to
Owing to
Thanks to
As a result of
On account of
Because of

+ N /วลี S + V
เหตุ ผล

เนื่องจาก/เพราะ

: **Because of** her generosity, the kids love her.

9. ..S.....+.....V..



...S.....+.....V..

อย่างไรก็ตาม (ขัดแย้ง)

: He was a rich businessman. **However**, he has never given any donations to anyone.

10.

..S.....+.....V..



...S.....+.....V..

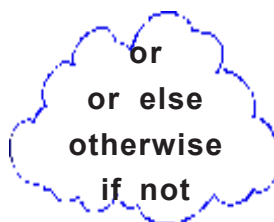
ขณะที่ (สอดคล้อง, ขัดแย้ง)

: I was studying **as** my friend was doing his work.

: I was talkative **while** my sister was quiet.

11.

.....



...S.....+.....V..

มีฉะนั้นแล้ว (เงื่อนไข)

: Hurry up **or** you can't get there in time.

ลักษณะของประโยคแรก

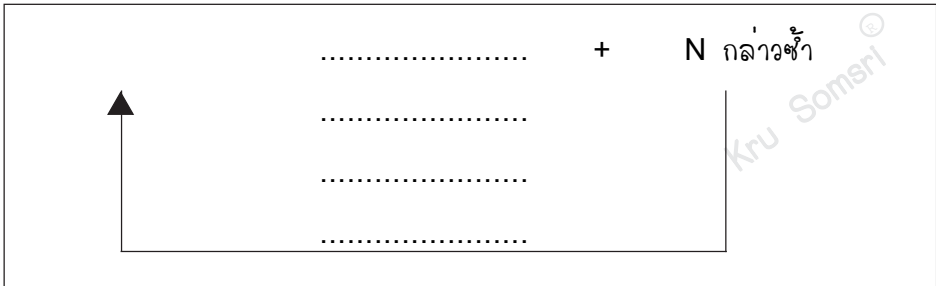
*ต้องไม่เคย

*ต้องไม่มีคำต่อไปนี้

1. ที่บอกความสัมพันธ์กับประโยคหน้า :

: Besides, Thus และอื่นๆ
นอกจากนี้แล้ว ดังนั้น

ยกเว้น : **When** you love someone, you care about his/her feeling.

2.  + N กล่าวซ้ำ

Kru Somsri teaches English joyfully. The lady is active.

ยกเว้น: the sun, the world, the east, the Chao Phraya River

3. ไม่มีคำว่า this
that

: She is optimistic. **That's** true.

4. ไม่มี Pronoun:
และ it ที่อ้างถึงสัตว์ สิ่งของข้างหน้า (refers to something)
ยกเว้น :
และ it ที่กล่าวลอยๆ (not refer to something)
: **It** is fantastic to visit this land of smiles.

Directions : Choose the correct answer that shows the logical sequences.

Paragraph 1

- A. But if sleep problems are a regular occurrence and interfere with your daily life, you may be suffering from a sleep disorder.
- B. Most of us have experienced trouble sleeping at one time or another.
- C. This sleep disorder can cause more than just sleepiness.
- D. This is normal and usually temporary, due to stress or other outside factors.
- E. Lacking quality sleep can lead to a negative impact on your energy, emotional balance, and health.

- 1. C, E, B, D, A
- 2. B, C, D, A, E
- 3. B, D, C, A, E
- 4. B, D, A, C, E
- 5. C, B, D, A, E

Paragraph 3

- A. In theory, children have the potential to be at greater risk of developing brain cancer from the cell phone.
- B. Besides children have the potential of accumulating more years of cell phone exposure than adults do.
- C. Their heads are smaller and have a greater proportional exposure to the field of radiofrequency radiation emitted by the cell phone.
- D. Do children have a higher risk of developing cancer due to cell phone use than adults?
- E. That is because their nervous systems are still developing and more vulnerable to factors that may cause cancer.

- 1. A, D, E, B, C
- 2. D, A, E, C, B
- 3. D, E, C, B, A
- 4. A, E, C, B, D
- 5. D, B, A, E, C



KRU SOMSRI

Part 7 : Expressions

Directions : Choose the best answer to fill in the blanks.

At Restaurant

Peter is meeting Sandra for lunch at the Nirula's restaurant both of them have been out meeting clients and have decided to meet for lunch.

ลูกค้า

ตัดสินใจ

Peter : Hello, Sandra. I am glad you were able to come. Did you1.....?

ยินดีใจที่คุณมาได้

Sandra : Hello, Peter. I'm sorry I'm a bit late. I got your message about

ขออภัย ฉันล้าไปนิด

meeting you for lunch just as I was leaving for my appointment

การได้หมาย

with the builders of Akash Deep. I couldn't2..... any earlier.

Peter :3..... I haven't been waiting long. Where would you like to sit? Shall we sit in that corner?

Sandra :4..... It will be quieter over there.

ตรงไหนเงียบกว่า

Peter : How was your day?

เป็นยังไงบ้างวันนี้

Sandra : Quite successful. But very tiring. People are interested in our products but are hesitant to switch over to something new. I was wondering whether

ลังเล

เปลี่ยน

Peter : Before getting involved in a deep discussion. Let's order something to eat.

Waiter : Good afternoon.5.....?

Peter : Sandra, What would you like to eat? A soup to begin with?

Sandra : No, thank you. I don't think I'll have soup. I've never been here before, so I don't know what6.....

Waiter : Why don't you try some fried prawns with Chinese fried rice?

Peter : That is a good suggestion. Let's have a Chinese meal.

Sandra : All right, you order, Peter.

Peter : Right Let's have a plate of chicken fried rice, sweet and sour prawns and American chopsey. Sandra, would you like mushrooms or bamboo shoot?

Sandra :7..... What you've ordered is more than enough.

Peter : What about something to drink? An orange juice or a leman squash or ..

Sandra : I'd love to have a Limca.

Peter :8..... Waiter, a Limca cold Drink for the lady. And a fresh lime juice for me. And please serve us quickly. We haven't much time.

Waiter : Right Sir.9..... (The waiter comes laden with the lunch dishes.)

Peter : Ah! here comes the lunch. Let's enjoy our lunch.

Sandra : Thank you for bringing me here.

1. a. have any good news มีข่าวดี b. meet a new customer พบลูกค้าใหม่ c. make an appointment ทำการนัดหมาย
 d. get my message ได้รับข้อความ e. receive my phone call ได้รับโทรศัพท์
2. a. get out เอาออกไป b. get away ปลีกตัวออกมา c. get rid of กำจัด
 d. get on สวมใส่ e. get in touch ติดต่อกับ
3. a. Don't worry อย่ากังวลไปเลย b. Take it easy ใจเย็นๆ c. That's the way นั่นแหละทาง
 d. I don't care ฉันไม่สนใจ e. Please believe me โปรดเชื่อฉันเถอะ
4. a. I don't know. ฉันไม่รู้ b. Are you sure? คุณแน่ใจหรือ c. Yes, let's. ตกลง ไปนั่งตามเง็กั้นเถอะ
 d. No, please make it. ไม่ ได้โปรดทำมันเถอะ e. Let it be. ช่างมัน
5. a. Do you have something in your mind คุณมีอะไรในใจหรือเปล่า
 b. What would you like to order คุณต้องการสั่งอะไร
 c. Would you like to read the menu คุณต้องการอ่านเมนูไหม
 d. Why don't you book in advance ทำไมคุณไม่จองล่วงหน้า
 e. May I have a menu ขอเมนูหน่อย
6. a. on earth we come for ในโลกนี้เรามาเพื่อ b. we would like to eat เราต้องการกิน c. they are dreaming about พวกเขากำลังฝันถึง
 d. this soup is made from ซุปนี้ทำมาจาก e. their specialties are อาหารจานเด็ดของพวกเขา



7. a. Yes, please
คะ เชี-เลย

b. It's up to you
มันแล้วแต่คุณ

c. No, thank you
ไม่คะ ชอบคุณ

d. Enough is enough
พอคือพอ

e. As you like it
ตามที่คุณชอบ



8. a. That's good.
เยี่ยมเลย

b. C'mon!
เฮ้ย

c. Yummy!
อร่อยจัง

d. That's it.
นี่แหละ

e. Fine with me
ดีแล้วสำหรับฉัน



9. a. We have plenty of time
เรามีเวลาเยอะแยะ

b. It won't be long
มันจะไม่ใช้เวลานาน

c. It depends on the cook
ขึ้นอยู่กับพ่อครัว

d. Take it easy
ใจเย็นๆ

e. Just wait and see
คอยดูแล้วกัน



Note::>

Large rectangular area with horizontal dotted lines for writing notes.